

## PC Card (PCMCIA) Interface Switch—12-V Suspend Capability

### Features

- Programmable  $V_{CC}$  Ramp
- Smart Switching
- 12-V Sleepmode Compatible
- Extremely Low  $R_{ON}$
- Reverse Blocking Switches
- $V_{PP}$  Programmable to 0, 12-V or  $V_{CC}$
- Safe Power-Up
- Low Power Consumption
- PC Card 3-V/5-V Compatible
- Logic Compatible Inputs
- Single SO-16 Package

### Description

The Si9712DY combines low on-resistance with slow ramp time and smart switching for overall best performance in integrated PC Card interface switches.

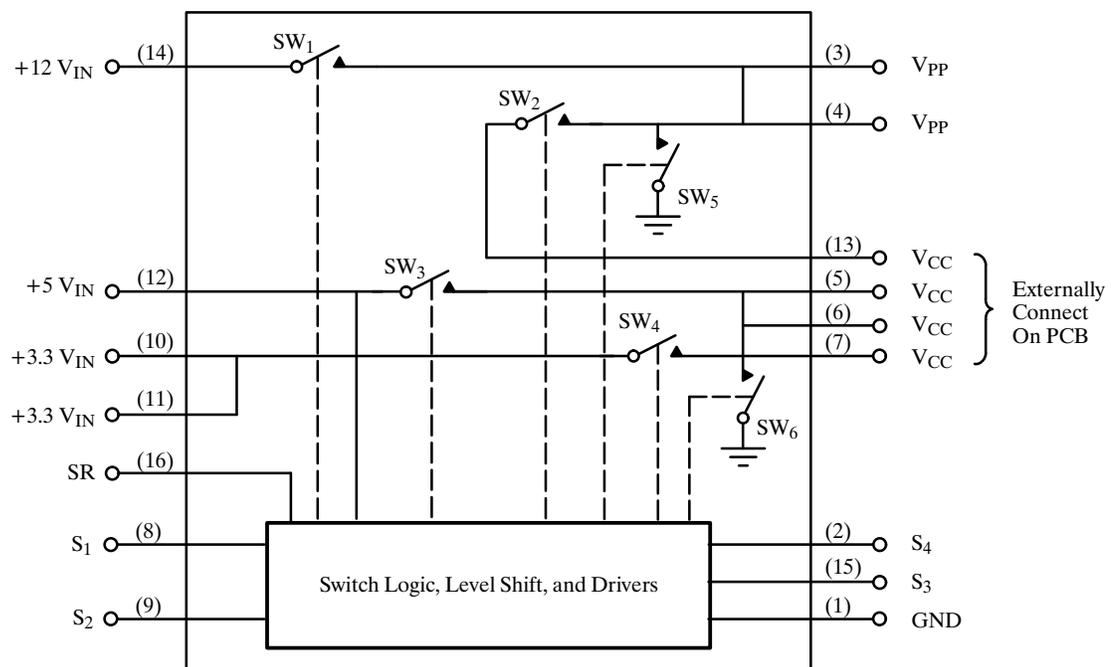
The Si9712DY operates off the 5-V supply and has built-in level shifting for gate drive. Internal logic protects against an external control input error that would short 5 V to the 3.3-V supply. This protection logic also allows the Si9712DY to be configured for positive or negative control logic for compatibility with a variety of PC Card controllers.

These control inputs are CMOS logic compatible and can be driven to 3.3 V or 5 V.

The Si9712DY complies with the release of the PC Card standard by supplying 0 V, 12 V, and  $V_{CC}$  to the  $V_{PP}$  output and 0V, 3.3 V, and 5 V to the  $V_{CC}$  output. The  $V_{CC}$  ramp time is user programmable with an external capacitor connected to the SR pin.

The PC Card switch is packaged in a narrow body SO-16 package and is rated over the industrial temperature range  $-40$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

### Functional Block Diagram



This product has been released by Siliconix in November, 1994. Subsequent updates to this data sheet may be obtained via facsimile by calling Siliconix FaxBack, 1-408-970-5600. Please request FaxBack document #1328.

# Si9712DY

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltages Referenced to Ground

+12 V <sub>IN</sub>	15 V
+5 V <sub>IN</sub>	7 V
+3.3 V <sub>IN</sub> <sup>c</sup>	7 V
S <sub>1</sub> through S <sub>4</sub> (CMOS Inputs)	7 V
I <sub>OUT</sub> V <sub>PP</sub> <sup>a</sup>	300 mA
All Pins	-0.5 V
I <sub>OUT</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>b</sup>	4 A

PD Max: (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	2.5 W
(T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C)	1.0 W
Junction Temperature	125°C
Thermal Rating—R <sub>ΘJA</sub>	40 °C/W

### Notes

- Pins 3, 4 connected together externally.
- Pins 5, 6, 7, 13 connected together externally.
- Pins 10, 11 connected together externally.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

+12 V <sub>IN</sub>	0 or 12 V ± 10%
+5 V <sub>IN</sub> (must be present)	5 V ± 10%
+3.3 V <sub>IN</sub> <sup>c</sup>	3.3 V ± 10%
C <sub>SR</sub>	33 nF
I <sub>OUT</sub> V <sub>PP</sub> <sup>a</sup>	150 mA
I <sub>OUT</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>b</sup>	2 A

V <sub>PP</sub> Load Capacitance	10 μF Max
V <sub>CC</sub> Load Capacitance	150 μF Max

### Notes

- Pins 3, 4 connected together externally.
- Pins 5, 6, 7, 13 connected together externally.
- Pins 10, 11 connected together externally.

## Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified C <sub>SR</sub> = 33 nF, +12 V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V, +5 V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V +3.3 V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V, Low ≤ 0.8 V, High ≥ 2.2 V		Limits -40 to 85°C			Unit
				Min <sup>b</sup>	Typ <sup>c</sup>	Max <sup>b</sup>	
<b>Switch 1</b>							
On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	I = 120 mA, +12 V <sub>IN</sub> = 11.4 V S <sub>3</sub> = S <sub>1</sub> = High S <sub>2</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			120	mΩ
			T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C			145	
Off Current (+12 V <sub>IN</sub> )	I <sub>OFF</sub>	+12 V <sub>IN</sub> = 12.6 V S <sub>1</sub> = Low	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			1	μA
			T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C			10	
Switching Time	t <sub>SW1(on)</sub>	S <sub>2</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low, See Figure 1 S <sub>3</sub> = High		50	200	350	μs
	t <sub>SW1(off)</sub>				1.0	10	
Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	See Figure 3 S <sub>2</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low		1.0	6	20	ms
	t <sub>d(off)</sub>			0.1	2.9	10	
Rise Time	t <sub>SW1(on)</sub>	S <sub>2</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low, S <sub>3</sub> = High See Figure 2		50	150	300	μs
<b>Switch 2</b>							
On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	I = 120 mA, S <sub>2</sub> = S <sub>3</sub> = High S <sub>1</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			150	mΩ
			T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C			180	
Switching Time	t <sub>SW2(on)</sub>	S <sub>1</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low, S <sub>3</sub> = High, See Figure 1		50	200	350	μs
	t <sub>SW2(off)</sub>				1.0	10	
Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	S <sub>1</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low, See Figure 3		1.0	6	20	ms
	t <sub>d(off)</sub>			0.1	1.7	10	
Rise Time	t <sub>SW2(on)</sub>	S <sub>1</sub> = S <sub>4</sub> = Low, S <sub>3</sub> = High See Figure 2		50	150	300	μs

## Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified $C_{SR} = 33 \text{ nF}$ , $+12 \text{ V}_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}$ , $+5 \text{ V}_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $+3.3 \text{ V}_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , Low $\leq 0.8 \text{ V}$ , High $\geq 2.2 \text{ V}$	Limits -40 to 85°C			Unit	
			Min <sup>b</sup>	Typ <sup>c</sup>	Max <sup>b</sup>		
<b>Switch 3</b>							
On-Resistance	$R_{ON}$	I = 500 mA, $S_3 = \text{High}$ $S_1 = S_2 = S_4 = \text{Low}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			70	mΩ
			$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$			95	
Off Current ( $V_{CC}$ )	$I_{OFF}$	+5 $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ $S_1 = S_2 = S_3 = \text{Low}$ $S_4 = \text{High}$ +3.3 $V_{IN} = \text{Open Circuit}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1	μA
			$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$			10	
Rise Time	$t_{SW3(\text{on})}$	$S_1 = S_2 = S_4 = \text{Low}$ , See Figure 2		0.1	1.7	10	ms
Fall Time	$t_{SW3(\text{off})}$		3	30	50		
<b>Switch 4</b>							
On-Resistance	$R_{ON}$	I = 500 mA, $S_4 = \text{High}$ $S_1 = S_2 = S_3 = \text{Low}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			50	mΩ
			$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$			70	
Off Current (+3.3 $V_{IN}$ )	$I_{OFF}$	+3.3 $V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ , $S_1 = S_2 = S_3 = S_4 = \text{Low}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1	μA
			$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$			10	
Rise Time	$t_{SW4(\text{on})}$	$S_1 = S_2 = S_3 = \text{Low}$ , See Figure 2		0.1	0.9	10	ms
Fall Time	$t_{SW4(\text{off})}$		3	20	40		
<b>Switch 5</b>							
On-Resistance	$R_{ON}$	I = 2 mA, $S_1 = S_2 = \text{Low}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		235	400	Ω
			$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		325	550	
<b>Switch 6</b>							
On-Resistance	$R_{ON}$	I = 2 mA, $S_3 = S_4 = \text{Low}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		140	400	Ω
			$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		200	500	
<b>Power Supply</b>							
+5 $V_{IN}$ Current Input (on)	$I_{+5VIN(1)}$	$S_1 = S_4 = 0 \text{ V}$ , $S_2 = S_3 = 3 \text{ V}$		20		50	μA
	$I_{+5VIN(2)}$	$S_1 = S_4 = 3 \text{ V}$ , $S_2 = S_3 = 0 \text{ V}$		20		50	
+5 $V_{IN}$ Current Input (off)	$I_{+5VIN(3)}$	$S_1 = S_2 = S_3 = S_4 = 0 \text{ V}$		<1		10	
<b>Switch Control Inputs</b>							
Input Voltage High	$V_{I(H)}$	+5 $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.2	1.8		V	
		+5 $V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	2.2	1.6			
Input Voltage Low	$V_{I(L)}$	+5 $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.6	0.8	V	
		+5 $V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		1.4	0.8		
Input Current High	$I_{I(H)}$	$S_1$ through $S_4 = 5 \text{ V}$				1.0	μA
Input Current Low	$I_{I(L)}$	$S_1$ through $S_4 = \text{GND}$	-1.0				

### Notes

- The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum.
- Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.

# Si9712DY

## Timing Waveforms

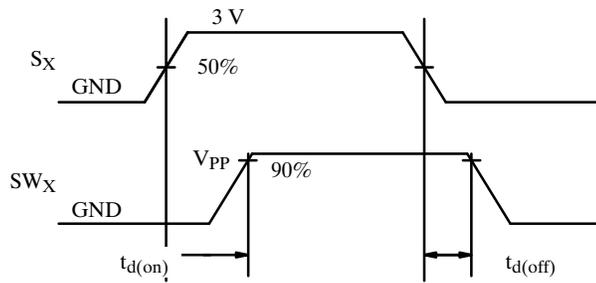


Figure 1. V<sub>PP</sub> Switch Delay

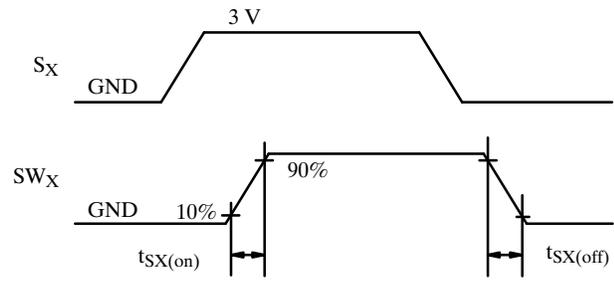


Figure 2. Switch Ramp

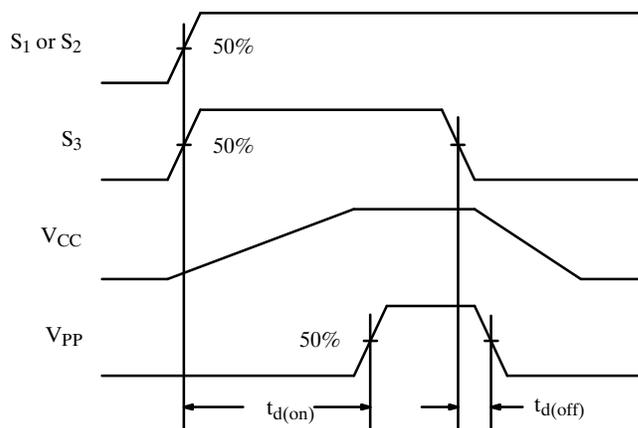
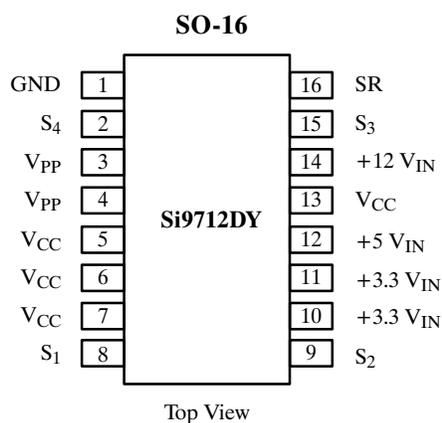


Figure 3. Delay from S<sub>1</sub> or S<sub>2</sub> to V<sub>PP</sub> Power-up

## Pin Configuration/Pin Description



Note: Pins 5, 6, 7, and 13 must be connected in the PCB for correct operation.

Pin Number	Function	Description
1.	GND	Ground connection.
2	S <sub>4</sub>	Control input for selecting +3.3 V <sub>IN</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub> . The PC Card terminology for this pin is V <sub>CC_EN0</sub> .
3, 4	V <sub>PP</sub>	Program and peripheral voltage to PC Card slot.
5, 6, 7, 13	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage to slot.
8	S <sub>1</sub>	Control input for selecting +12 V <sub>IN</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub> . The PC Card terminology for this pin is V <sub>PP_EN1</sub> .
9	S <sub>2</sub>	Control input for selecting V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub> . The PC Card terminology for this pin is V <sub>PP_EN0</sub> .
10, 11	+3.3 V <sub>IN</sub>	+3.3-V supply.
12	+5 V <sub>IN</sub>	+5-V supply.
14	+12 V <sub>IN</sub>	+12-V supply.
15	S <sub>3</sub>	Control input for selecting +5 V <sub>IN</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub> . The PC Card terminology for this pin is V <sub>CC_EN1</sub> .
16	SR	Slew rate control pin, capacitor to GND defines programmable ramp time.

## Truth Table<sup>b</sup>

S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	Switch 1 <sup>a</sup>	Switch 2 <sup>a</sup>	Switch 3	Switch 4	Switch 5	Switch 6
0	0	0	0	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
0	0	0	1	Off	Off	Off	On	On	Off
0	0	1	0	Off	Off	On	Off	On	Off
0	0	1	1	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
0	1	0	0	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
0	1	0	1	Off	On	Off	On	Off	Off
0	1	1	0	Off	On	On	Off	Off	Off
0	1	1	1	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
1	0	0	0	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
1	0	0	1	On	Off	Off	On	Off	Off
1	0	1	0	On	Off	On	Off	Off	Off
1	0	1	1	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
1	1	0	0	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On
1	1	0	1	On	Off	Off	On	Off	Off
1	1	1	0	On	Off	On	Off	Off	Off
1	1	1	1	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On

Notes

- a. Turn on of switch 1 and 2 are internally delayed until after V<sub>CC</sub> is valid. See Figure 3.
- b. Shaded lines are error conditions for PCCard applications, however, switches default to the states shown.

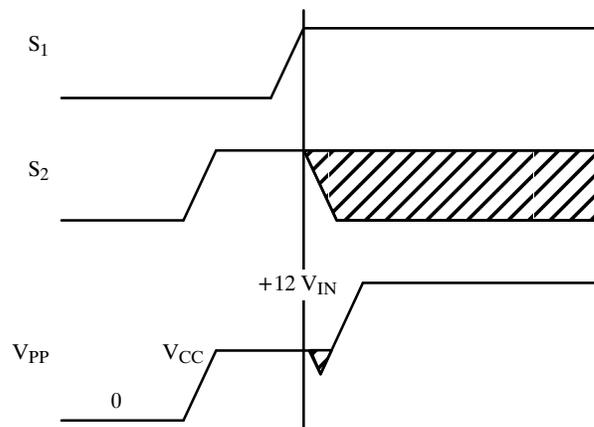
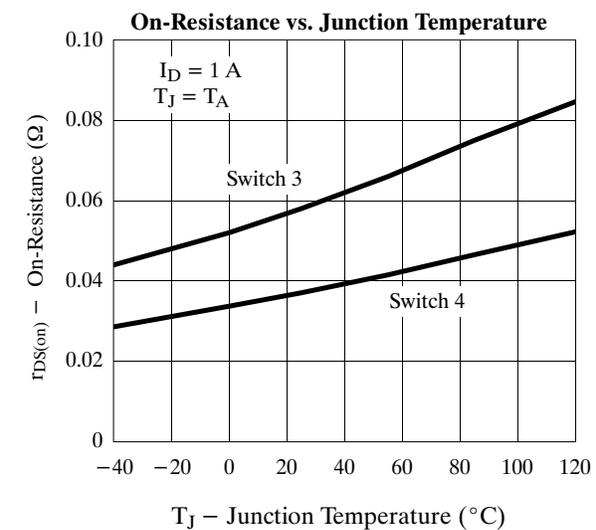
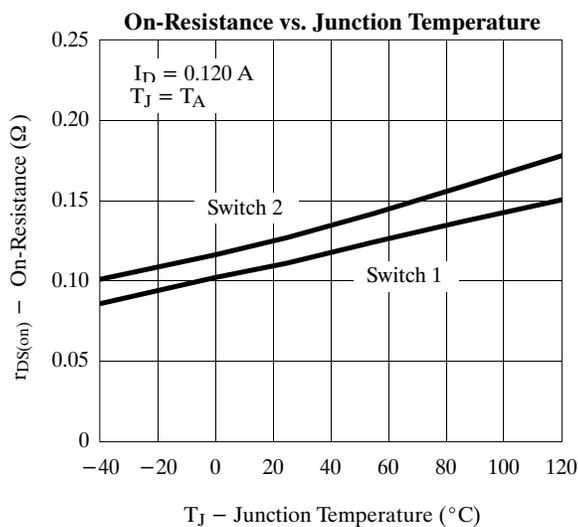
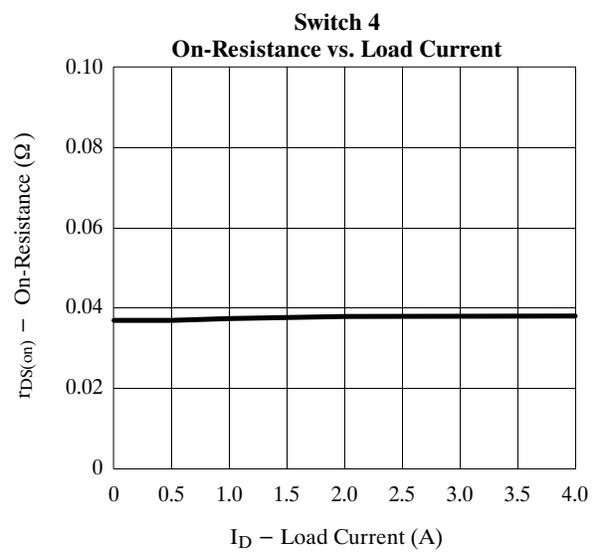
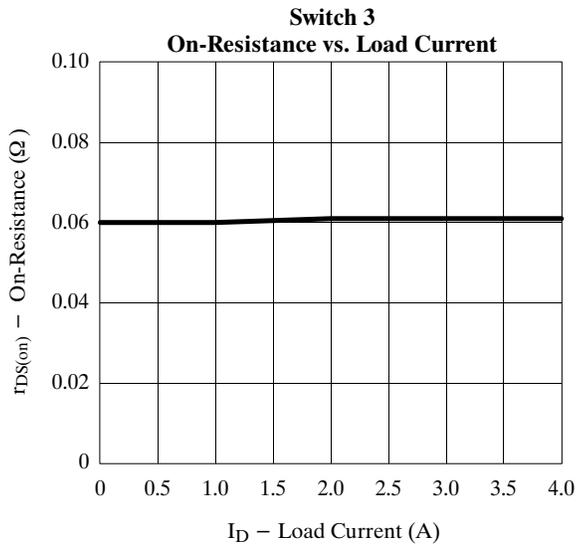
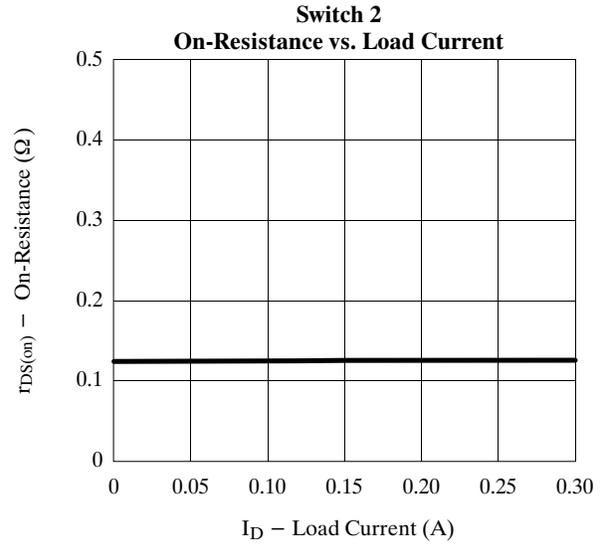
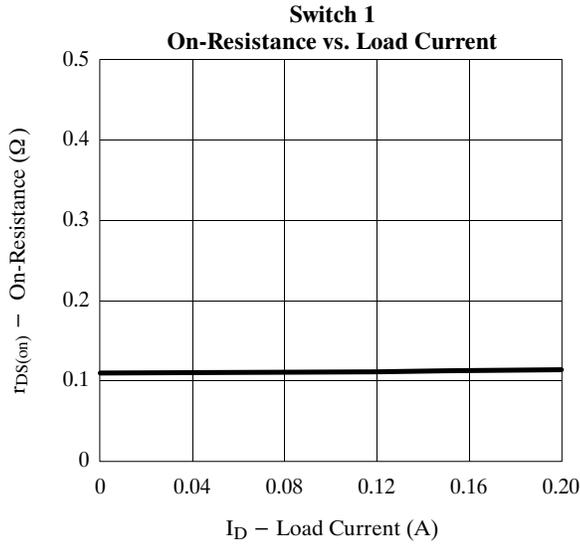


Figure 4. Break-Before-Make of SW<sub>1</sub> and SW<sub>2</sub>

## Si9712DY

### Typical Characteristics (25°C Unless Otherwise Noted)



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